## Report of the Directors

## Audited Financial Statements

## LIFELONG ANIMAL PROTECTION CHARITY LIMITED

31 December 2018



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#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements of Lifelong Animal Protection Charity Limited ("LAP") for the year ended 31 December 2018.

Principal activities

LAP is a non-profit making organisation. LAP's principal activities have not changed during the year and consist of protecting and preventing cruelty to animals, accepting donations and disbursing the donations in Hong Kong.

Results and dividends

LAP's result for the year ended 31 December 2018 and its state of affairs at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 4 to 9.

Property, plant and equipment

Details of movement in the property, plant and equipment of LAP are set out in note 7 to the financial statements.

Directors

The directors of LAP during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Sheila McClelland

John William Elphinstone

In accordance with article 10 of LAP's Articles of Association, all directors shall retire from office at the forthcoming annual general meeting and be eligible for re-election.

Directors' interests

At no time during the year was LAP a party to any arrangements to enable the LAP's directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of debentures of LAP or shares in or debentures of any other body corporate.

Directors' interests in contracts

None of the directors had a beneficial interest in any material contract to which LAP was a party during the year.

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of LAP were entered into or existed during the year.

Business review

LAP falls within the reporting exemption for the financial year and accordingly, it is able to claim an exemption under section 388(3)(a) of the Companies Ordinance from preparing a business review.

Auditor

The financial statements have been audited by Sabrina Chan & Company, Certified Public Accountants (Practising) who retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment.

On behalf of the Board

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Sheila McClelland

Director

8 November 2019



## SABRINA CHAN & COMPANY CERTIFIED Public ACCOUNTANTS

## 陳 美 智 會 計 師 事 務 所

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF LIFELONG ANIMAL PROTECTION CHARITY LIMITED (Incorporated in Hong Kong and limited by guarantee)

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Lifelong Animal Protection Charity Limited ("LAP") set out on pages 4 to 9, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2018, and the income and expenditure account for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the financial statements of LAP are prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the Hong Kong Small and Medium-sized Entity Financial Reporting Standard ("SME-FRS") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") and with reference to Practice Note 900 (Revised) "Audit of Financial Statements Prepared in Accordance with the Small and Medium-sized Entity Financial Reporting Standard" issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of LAP in accordance with the HKICPA's "Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants" ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Responsibilities of Directors and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the SME-FRS issued by the HKICPA and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing LAP's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate LAP or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing LAP's financial reporting process.



## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 405 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

• Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of LAP's internal control.

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on LAP's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause LAP to cease to continue as a going concern.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

dertified Public Accountants (Practising)

Hong Kong 8 November 2019

### INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

### For the year ended 31 December 2018

|  | 2018<br>HK\$   | 2017<br>HK\$  |
|--|--|---|
| INCOME Donations Sales income Bank interest income   | 2,945,655<br>463,873<br>351<br>3,409,879   | 2,089,834<br>505,056<br>9<br>2,594,899  |
| LESS: EXPENDITURE Accounting fee Animal adoption events expenses Animal centres expenses Animal foods for self use and resale Animal medical and consultation fee Animal product for self use and resale Animal transportation fee Audit fee Bank charges and interest Building management fee and rates Computer expense Depreciation Dog training fee Insurance Photography and design Printing and stationery expenses Property agent commission Repairs and maintenance Rent Stamp duty Sundry expenses Telephone and internet Utility expenses Warehouse rent | 4,500<br>47,426<br>16,822<br>118,869<br>1,402,188<br>4,344<br>104,581<br>5,500<br>30,156<br>4,630<br>21,463<br>149,494<br> | 4,500 43,365 29,252 166,978 1,656,730 27,319 114,483 5,500 21,853 12,942 4,020 138,689 23,000 4,000 80,000 22,163 |
| SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR   | 855,638  | 2,881,534<br>————————————————————————————————————   |

The accompanying Accounting Policies and Explanatory Notes form an integral part of, and should be read in conjunction with, these financial statements.

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

#### As at 31 December 2018

|   | Notes | 2018<br>HK\$                              | 2017<br>HK\$                           |
|---|-------|---|--|
| NON-CURRENT ASSETS Property, plant and equipment  | 7     | 383,854                                   | 413,499                                |
| CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Donations receivable from Paypal Deposits paid Prepayments |       | 1,305,270<br>361,337<br>180,300<br>30,502 | 803,983<br>36,065<br>135,300           |
|   |       | 1,877,409                                 | 975,348                                |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES Accruals Accounts payable Due to a director                                     | 8     | 51,164<br>81,727<br>94,697<br>227,588     | 71,242<br>121,665<br>17,903<br>210,810 |
| NET CURRENT ASSETS  |       | 1,649,821                                 | 764,538                                |
| NET ASSETS  |       | 2,033,675                                 | 1,178,037                              |
| RESERVES AND FUNDS<br>Funds   | 9     | 2,033,675                                 | 1,178,037                              |

Authorised for issue by the Board on 8 November 2019:

Sheila McClelland

Director

John William Elphinsto

Director

The accompanying Accounting Policies and Explanatory Notes form an integral part of, and should be read in conjunction with, these financial statements.

## ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND EXPLANATORY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## For the year ended 31 December 2018

#### 1. REPORTING ENTITY

Lifelong Animal Protection Charity Limited ("LAP") is a company incorporated under the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and is limited by guarantee and not having a share capital. LAP's registered office is located at Flat D, Ground Floor, Hing Yip Building, 5-23 First Street, Hong Kong.

The principal activities of LAP consist of protecting and preventing cruelty to animals, accepting donations and disbursing the donations in Hong Kong.

#### 2. LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

Under the provisions of LAP's Articles of Association, every member shall, in the event of the dissolution of LAP, be responsible for the debts and obligations of LAP to the extent not exceeding HK\$100 per member.

#### 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION

LAP qualifies for the reporting exemption as a small guarantee company under section 359(1)(a) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) and is therefore entitled to prepare and present its financial statements in accordance with the Small and Mediumsized Entity Financial Reporting Standard (SME-FRS) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

These financial statements comply with the SME-FRS and have been prepared under the accrual basis of accounting and on the basis that LAP is a going concern.

The measurement base adopted is the historical cost convention.

The reporting currency of LAP is Hong Kong Dollars, which is the currency of the primary economic environment in which LAP operates.

### 4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Revenue

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to LAP and when the revenue can be measured reliably, on the following bases:

- (a) Donation is recognised when cash is received;
- (b) Sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, provided that LAP maintains neither managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership, nor effective control over the goods sold; and
- (c) Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the principal outstanding and the interest applicable.

## ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND EXPLANATORY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### For the year ended 31 December 2018

#### 4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Impairment of assets

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is any indication of impairment or reversal of previous impairment of items of property, plant and equipment. In the event that an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, the carrying amount is reduced to recoverable amount and an impairment loss is recognised in the income and expenditure account. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount, however not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of amortisation or depreciation), had no impairment losses been recognised for the asset in prior years.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

The depreciable amount of an item of property, plant and equipment is allocated on a systematic basis over its estimated useful life using the straight-line method. The principal annual rates used for depreciation are as follows:

Furniture and equipment 20% Decoration 20%

Donations receivable

Donations receivable is stated at estimated realisable value after each debt has been considered individually. Where the payment of a debt becomes doubtful a provision is made and charged to the income and expenditure account.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### Leases

Leases where substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets are not transferred to the lessee are accounted for as operating leases. Rental expenses applicable to such operating leases are charged to the income and expenditure account on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

#### 5. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The directors did not receive any fees or emoluments in respect of their services rendered to LAP during the year (2017: Nil).

#### 6. INCOME TAX

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made since LAP is a charitable institution and is exempt under Section 88 of the Hong Kong Inland Revenue Ordinance from Hong Kong profits tax (2017: Exempted).

# ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND EXPLANATORY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## For the year ended 31 December 2018

## 7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

|   | Furniture and equipment HK\$ | Decoration<br>HK\$        | Total<br>HK\$             |
|---|------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Cost:<br>At 1 January 2018<br>Additions                               | 123,643<br>                  | 569,800<br><u>110,000</u> | 693,443<br><u>119,849</u> |
| At 31 December 2018   | 133,492                      | 679,800                   | 813,292                   |
| Accumulated depreciation:<br>At 1 January 2018<br>Charge for the year | 45,754<br>26,534             | 234,190<br>122,960        | 279,944<br>149,494        |
| At 31 December 2018   | _72,288                      | <u>357,150</u>            | <u>429,438</u>            |
| Net carrying amount:<br>At 1 January 2018                             | 77,889<br>=====              | 335,610<br>=====          | 413,499                   |
| At 31 December 2018   | 61,204<br>=====              | 322,650                   | 383,854                   |

#### 8. DUE TO A DIRECTOR

The amount due to a director is unsecured, non-interest bearing and has no fixed repayment term.

#### 9. CHANGES IN FUNDS

|                             | HK\$      |
|-----------------------------|-----------|
| Balance at 1 January 2018   | 1,178,037 |
| Surplus for the year        | 855,638   |
| Balance at 31 December 2018 | 2,033,675 |

# ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND EXPLANATORY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### For the year ended 31 December 2018

#### 10. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENT

LAP had the following total future minimum lease payments payable under non-cancellable operating leases:

|  | 2018<br>HK\$       | 2017<br>HK\$ |
|--|--------------------|--------------|
| Not later than one year<br>Later than one year | 600,000<br>340,000 |              |
|  |                    |              |
|  | 940,000            |              |

## 11. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 8 November 2019.